

## **CHLAA**



**Test Booklet Code** 

EE

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

## Important Instructions:

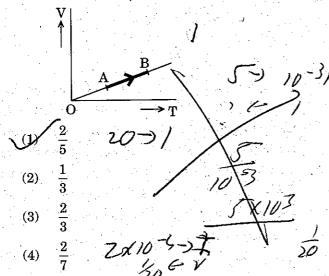
- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **Side-1** and **Side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and this Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **EE**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

- 1.
- At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere?

  (Given:

Mass of oxygen molecule (m) =  $2.76 \times 10^{-26}$  kg Boltzmann's constant  $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$  J K<sup>-1</sup>)

- (1)  $2508 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (2)  $5.016 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (3) 8 360 × 10<sup>4</sup> K
- (4)  $1.254 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- 2. The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is

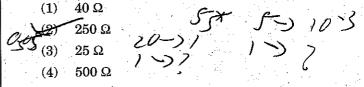


- 3. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water is
  - (1) 26.8%
  - (2) 6·25%(3) 20%
  - (a) 20%
  - (4) 12.5%
- 4. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is
  - (1) 13·2 cm
  - (2) 12·5 cm
  - (3) 8 cm
    - (4) 16 cm

- 6. A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m<sup>-1</sup> is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
  - (1) 7·14 A
  - (2) 14·76 A
  - (3) 5.98 A
  - (A) 11·32 A
- 6. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100  $\mu$ F and a resistor 50  $\Omega$  are connected in series across a source of emf,  $V = 10 \sin 314 t$ . The power loss in the circuit is

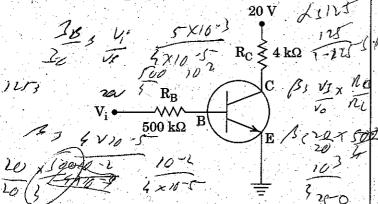
0.79 W X13 ta X13 140

- (2) 2·74 W
- (3) 0:43 W
- (4) 1·13 W
- 7. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is



- A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
  - (1) the current source
  - (2) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
  - (3) the magnetic field
  - (4) the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field

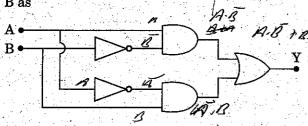
In the circuit shown in the figure, the input 12. voltage  $V_i$  is 20 V,  $V_{BE} = 0$  and  $V_{CE} = 0$ . The values of  $I_{B}$ ,  $I_{C}$  and  $\beta$  are given by



- (1)  $I_B = 40 \,\mu\text{A}$ ,  $I_C = 10 \,\text{mA}$ ,  $\beta = 250 \,\text{log} \times 10^{\circ}$
- (2)  $I_B = 20 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ ,  $\beta = 250^{-4}$
- (3)  $I_B = 25 \mu A$ ,  $I_C = 5 mA$ ,  $\beta = 200$

 $I_{\rm R} = 40 \,\mu \text{A}, \ I_{\rm C} = 5 \,\text{mA}, \ \beta = 125$ 

10. In the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and B as



**(1)** 

 $A \cdot B + A \cdot B$ (3)  $\overline{A}$ ,  $\overline{B}$  +  $\overline{A}$  . B

(4)

11. In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating

(1) affects only reverse resistance

- (2)does not affect resistance of p-n junction
- affects only forward resistance (3)
- affects the overall V I characteristics of p-n junction

- Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index '\mu'. At a particular angle of incidence "i, it is found that the reflected and refracted rays perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?
  - Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence

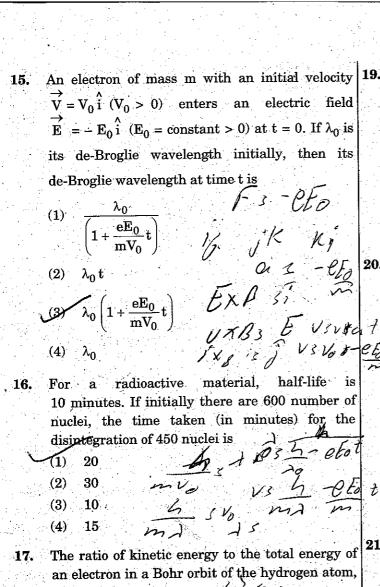
 $i = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)$ 

Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence 174010540

In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength  $\lambda$  of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0.20°. To increase the fringe angular width to  $0.21^{\circ}$  (with same  $\lambda$ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to

 $1.8 \, \mathrm{mm}$ 2·1 mm

- An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of
  - (1) small focal length and large diameter
  - large focal length and large diameter
  - large focal length and small diameter
  - small focal length and small diameter



17. The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is

(1) 1:1

1:20 x / 600

(2) 2:-1

(3) 1:-1 / (0-6-0-1)

18. When the light of frequency  $2\nu_0$  (where  $\nu_0$  is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is  $v_1$ . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to  $5\nu_0$ , the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is  $v_2$ . The ratio of  $v_1$  to  $v_2$  is

(1) 1:2 /my2 306h20 -h10 (2) 4:1 2 m2 100

(2) 4:1 \(\frac{4.2}{3.1:4}\) \(\frac{4.2}{12.40}\)

**(4) 2:1** 

19. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be

(1) 30 cm away from the mirror

(2) 30 cm towards the mirror

(8) 36 cm away from the mirror

(4) 36 cm towards the mirror

The refractive index of the material of a prism is  $\sqrt{2}$  and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is

(1) 60°
(2) 30°
(3) 45°
(4) zero

An em wave is propagating in a medium with a

An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity  $\overrightarrow{V} = \overrightarrow{V}$  . The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along

(2) - z direction (2) - y direction (3) + z direction (4) - x direction

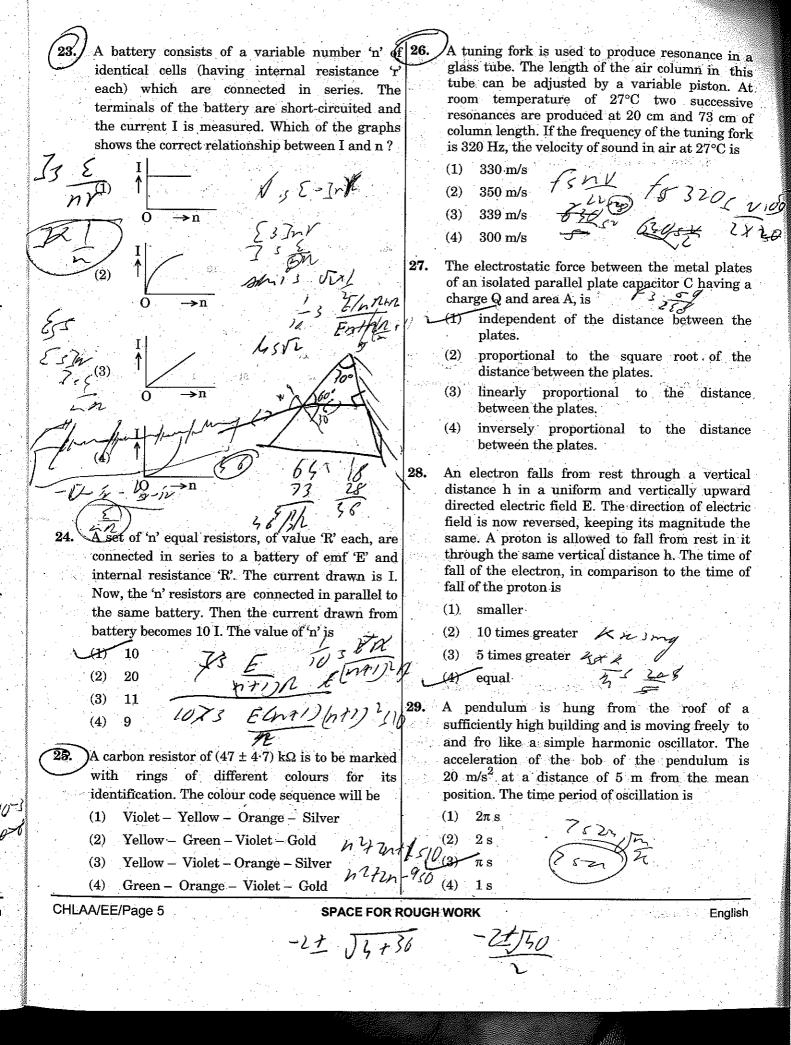
22. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance

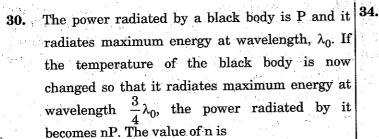
(1) 0.138 H (2) 1.389 H 25 X W 5 1 X X 7600 X 10 M (3) 138.88 H (4) 13.89 H

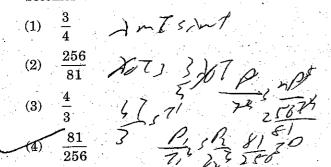
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Two wires are made of the same material and | 36. have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by  $\Delta l$  on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?

(1) 9 F Ship Dhi (2)4 F (3)6 F F (4)

A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to

A sample of 0.1 g of water at 100°C and normal 33. pressure  $(1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ Nm}^{-2})$  requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167.1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is

104 3 J P3 W+U 42.2 J 208 7 J 84·5 J

The moment of the force,  $\overrightarrow{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$  at (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by

(1)  $-8\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$  $-7\hat{i}-8\hat{j}-4\hat{k}$ (3)  $-4\hat{i} - \hat{i} - 8\hat{k}$  $(4) - 7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$ 

A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is

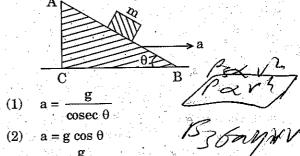
> $0.521 \mathrm{cm}$  $\cdot (1)$

0.053 cm  $\cdot (2)$ 

(3) $9.525 \mathrm{cm}$ 

0.529 cm

A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination  $\theta$  as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and 0 for the block to remain stationary on the wedge



 $a = g \tan \theta$ 

A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless 37. horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field E. Due to the force qE, its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively

 $\left(\begin{array}{cccc} 2 \text{ m/s}, & 4 \text{ m/s} \end{array}\right)$ ∕1 m/s, 3·5 m/s 1 m/s, 3 m/s 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s

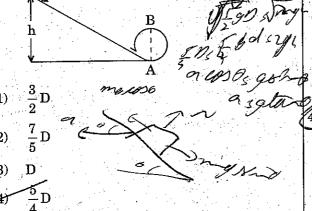
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

English

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38. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be

39. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



40. Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed  $\omega$  about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation

- 41. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
  - (1) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
  - (2) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
  - (3) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.

Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.

42. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy  $(K_t)$  as well as rotational kinetic energy  $(K_T)$  simultaneously. The ratio  $K_t : (K_t + K_T)$  for the sphere is

the sphere is
(1) 7:10
(2) 10:7
(3) 5:7
(4) 2:5

43. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?

Angular velocity

(2) Rotational kinetic energy

Moment of inertia

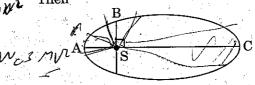
Angular momentum

If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is **not** correct?

- (1) Raindrops will fall faster.
- (2) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
- (3) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
- (4) 'g' on the Earth will not change.

orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are  $K_A$ ,  $K_B$  and  $K_C$ , respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure.

Then



- (1)  $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- $(2) K_{\rm B} < K_{\rm A} < K_{\rm C}$

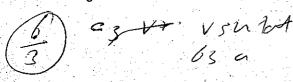
 $K_A > K_B > K_C$ 

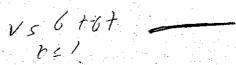
(4)  $K_B > K_A > K_C$ 

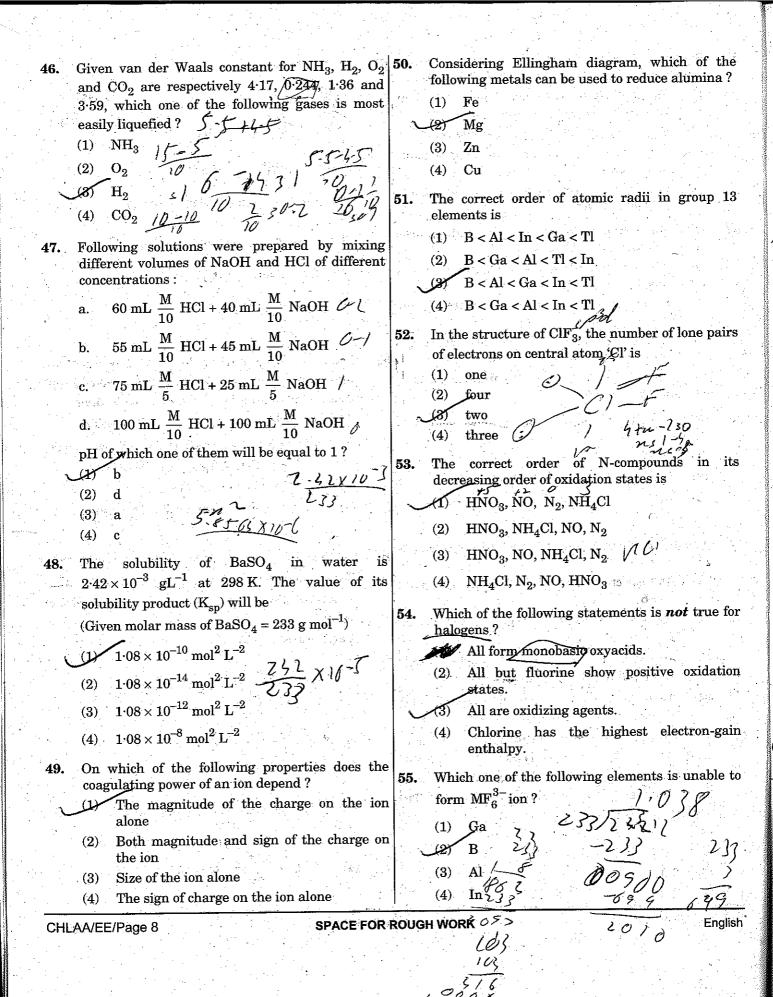
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**English** 





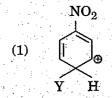


56. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is <i>incorrect</i> ?	61. In the reaction
They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.	OH O'Na+
(2) Examples are hakelite and melamine	(O) + CHCl <sub>3</sub> + NaOH CHC
They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.	the electrophile involved is
They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.	dichloromethyl cation (CHCl <sub>2</sub> )
7.57. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because	(2) dichloromethyl anion (CHCl <sub>2</sub> )
(1) In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.	(3) formyl cation ( $\stackrel{\oplus}{\text{CHO}}$ )
(2) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.	(4) dichlorocarbene (:CCl <sub>2</sub> )
(3) In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.	62. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than
In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion.	aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols o comparable molecular mass. It is due to their
58. Which of the following oxides is most acidic in	(1) formation of intramolecular H-bonding
nature? (1) MgO	(2) more extensive association of carboxyli
(2) BaO /Se O	acid via van der Waals force of attraction (3) formation of carboxylate ion
(4) GeO Be oz u Belon)	
(4) CaO BE 02 4, 500 1	formation of intermolecular H-bonding
59.) The difference between amylose and amylopectin	63. Compound A, C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O, is found to react with
	NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and
(1) Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ $\alpha$ -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6$ $\alpha$ -linkage	yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic
(2) Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ $\alpha$ -linkage and	smell. (57/21)
$1 \rightarrow 6 \ \beta$ -linkage	A and Y are respectively
(3) Amylose have $1 \rightarrow 4$ $\alpha$ -linkage and	20,0 To
$1 \rightarrow 6$ β-linkage	(1) $H_3C - CH_2 - OH \text{ and } I_2$
Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose	
60. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic	CH - CH <sub>3</sub> and I <sub>2</sub>
acid is treated with conc. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> . The evolved	OH 10 20
gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets.	500
Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be	(3) $\sim$ CH <sub>2</sub> – CH <sub>2</sub> – OH and I <sub>2</sub>
will be (1) 1.4 $MCOON + MCOON + 3COO + 7$ (2) 2.8 $COON + 3COO + 3COO + 7$	7
$(2)  2.8 \qquad \qquad 1.3 \qquad 1.5 \qquad 3.50$	$CH_3$
(3) 3.0 aloon > LO2 + 110 (4) 4.4	(4) $CH_3 = \bigcirc OH \text{ and } I_2$
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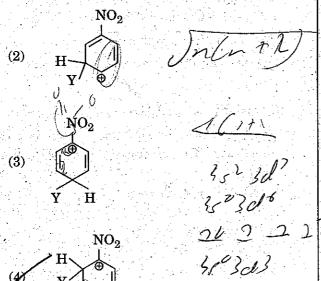
- 64. Which of the following molecules represents the order of hybridisation sp<sup>2</sup>, sp<sup>2</sup>, sp, sp from left to right atoms?
  - (1) HC = C C = CH
  - (2)  $CH_2 = CH CH = CH_2$
  - (8)  $CH_2 = CH C \equiv CH$
  - (4)  $CH_3 CH = CH CH_3$

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Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?



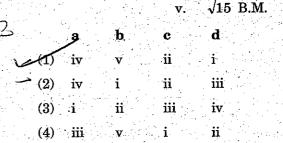
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- 66. Which of the following is correct with respect to
   I effect of the substituents? (R = alkyl)
  - $(1) NH_2 < -OR < -F$
  - (2) NH<sub>2</sub>>-OR>-F 21 2021
  - (3)  $-NR_2 < -OR < -F$
  - (4)  $-NR_2 > -OR > -F$

- 67. The type of isomerism shown by the complex [CoCl<sub>2</sub>(en)<sub>2</sub>] is
  - (t) Geometrical isomerism
  - (2) Ionization isomerism
  - (3) Coordination isomerism
  - (4) Linkage isomerism
  - 68. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?
    - (1) CrO<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>
    - $MnO_4$
    - $\operatorname{Cr}_2\operatorname{O}_7^{2-}$
    - $MnO_4^{2-}$
  - Iron carbonyl,  $Fe(CO)_5$  is
    - (1) tetranuclear
      - (2) trinuclear
      - (3) mononuclear
      - (4) dinuclear
  - 70. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the *correct* code:

COL	amm in and applement	coi. cct oodc
*	Column I	Column II
a		$\sqrt{8}$ B.M.
b.	Cr3+	$\sqrt{35}$ B.M.
c.	Fe <sup>3+</sup> iii.	$\sqrt{3}$ B.M.
d.	Ni <sup>2+</sup> iv.	$\sqrt{24}$ B.M.



- 71. The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO)<sub>4</sub>] are
  - square planar geometry and diamagnetic
  - (2) square planar geometry and paramagnetic
  - (3) tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic
  - (4) tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic

- The correct difference between first- and 76. second-order reactions is that
  - the rate of a first-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
  - (2) a first-order reaction can be catalyzed; a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed the half-life of a first-order reaction does not

depend on [A]<sub>0</sub>; the half-life second-order reaction does depend on [A]o

- · (4) the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations
- 73. Among CaH<sub>2</sub>, BeH<sub>2</sub>, BaH<sub>2</sub>, the order of ionic

character is
(1) BeH<sub>2</sub> < CaH<sub>2</sub> < BaH<sub>2</sub> m<sub>3</sub>
(1) CaH<sub>2</sub> - (2) BeH<sub>2</sub> < BaH<sub>2</sub> < CaH<sub>2</sub>

(3)  $CaH_2 < BeH_2 < BaH_2$ (4)  $BaH_2 < BeH_2 < CaH_2$ 

74. In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?

(1) 18 mL of water 38 / w/

- 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and 273 K 10 -3 mil
- (3) 0.18 g of water 10 -2 most
- (4)  $10^{-3}$  mol of water  $10^{-3}$  mol
- Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below:

Then the species undergoing disproportionation

- (1) BrO<sub>2</sub>
- (2) Br<sub>2</sub>
- (3)  $BrO_4$
- (4) HBrO

The bond dissociation energies of X2, Y2 and XY are in the ratio of 1:0.5:1.  $\Delta H$  for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>. The bond dissociation energy of X<sub>2</sub> will be

(1) 200 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> { X t/1 } (2) 800 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> 2 - 2

(3)  $100 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ 

(4)  $400 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ 

- 77. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
  - (1)is halved
  - is tripled

is doubled

remains unchanged

For the redox reaction

 $MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$ the correct coefficients of the reactants for the

balanced equation are  $MnO_4^ C_2O_4^{2-}$   $H_C^+$   $MnO_4^ C_2O_4^{2-}$   $MnO_4^ MnO_4^ MnO_4$ (4)

**79.** Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,

 $A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \Delta_r H = -X kJ$ ?

- (1) Low temperature and high pressure
- (2) High temperature and high pressure
- Low temperature and low pressure
- High temperature and low pressure
- 80. The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
  - (1)density of the gas molecules
  - electric field present between the gas (2)molecules
  - $_{\star}(3)$ volume of the gas molecules
  - forces of attraction between the gas molecules

- Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an ionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^3$  the simplest formula for this compound is
  - (1)  $Mg_2X_3$
  - $Mg_2X$ (2)
  - $MgX_2$ (3)
  - $Mg_3X_2$
- Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature. Above 900°C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature)

- $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}$
- Consider the following species: 83. CN+, CN-, NO and CN

Which one of these will have the highest bond order?

- **(1)** NO
- $CN^{\dagger}$ (2).

(3) CN

- (4) CN
- Which one is a wrong statement? 84.
  - Total orbital angular momentum of electron jn 's' orbital is equal to zero. 🕏
  - The electronic configuration of N atom is

 $2p_{x}^{1} 2p_{y}^{1} 2p_{z}^{1}$ 

- An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.
- The value of m for  $d_{z}^2$  is zero.

Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?

- $(1) N_2O_5$
- $(2) N_{2}O$



Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine 86. substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by reaction is converted tohydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is

- The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl5 gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order
  - $C_2H_5OH$ ,  $C_2H_6$ ,  $C_2H_5Cl$

 $\searrow$ 2 $\swarrow$   $C_2H_5Cl, C_2H_6, C_2H_5OH$ 

C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>ONa

(4)  $C_2H_5OH$ ,  $C_2H_5ONa$ ,  $C_2H_5Cl$ 

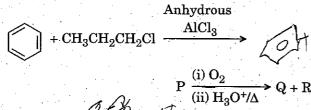
The compound C7H8 undergoes the following 88. reactions:

 $C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 \text{ Cl}_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{\text{Br}_2/\text{Fe}} B \xrightarrow{\text{Zn}/\text{HCl}} C$ The product 'C' is m-bromotoluene

- (2) 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- o-bromotoluene

p-bromotoluene

Identify the major products P, Q and R in the 91. Which of the following statements is correct? following sequence of reactions:



- CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> CHO  $CH_3CH_2 - OH$
- $\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{CH_3})_2$ CH<sub>3</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>3</sub>
  - CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> CHO COOH
- 90. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?
  - (1)Aniline
  - (2)Benzoic acid
  - (3)Acetanilide

Glycine

- - Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in gymnosperms.
  - (2)Horsetails are gymnosperms.
  - Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous.
    - Stems are usually unbranched in both Cycas and Cedrus.
- Pneumatophores occur in
  - Halophytes
    - (2)Carnivorous plants
    - (3) Free-floating hydrophytes
    - (4) Submerged hydrophytes
- 93. Sweet potato is a modified
  - Stem **(1)**
  - (2)Tap root
  - Adventitious root
    - Rhizome
- Plants having little or no secondary growth are
  - Grasses
  - Conifers (2)
  - Deciduous angiosperms (3)
  - (4) Cycads
- Casparian strips occur in
  - **Epidermis**
  - (2)Cortex
  - (3)Pericycle
  - **Endodermis**
- Secondary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are produced by
  - (1) Apical meristems
  - Phellogen
  - Vascular cambium
    - **Axillary meristems**
- 97. Select the wrong statement:
  - Cell wall is present in members of Fungi and Plantae.
  - Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in Sporozoans.
    - (3) Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.
    - (4) Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except Monera.

98.		e <b>105.</b>	Which of the following is commonly used as a
- 1	replication of DNA was first shown in a (1) Fungus		vector for introducing a DNA fragment in human lymphocytes?
100	(2) Plant		(f) Retrovirus
	(a) Bacterium		美夏斯 接近 化铁铁 化二氯甲基 自然 经过多效率
_	(4) Virus		(2) λ phage
99.	Select the correct match:		(3) Ti plasmid
71531	(1) Alec Jeffreys – Streptococcus		(4) pBR 322
	pneumoniae	106.	The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain
	(2) Matthew Meselson - Pisum sativum		Reaction (PCR) is
	and F. Stahl		(1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
***	(3) Alfred Hershey and - TMV		(2) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
Y W	Martha Chase		(3) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation
	(4) François Jacob and - Lac operon		Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
	Jacques Monod	107	T. T. 4" all control of the control
100.	Select the <i>correct</i> statement:	107.	In India, the organisation responsible for assessing the safety of introducing genetically
	(1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage".		modified organisms for public use is
	(2) Spliceosomes take part in translation.		(1) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)
	(3) Punnett square was developed by a British	1 ]	(2) Research Committee on Genetic
	scientist.		Manipulation (RCGM)
	(4) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman.		(3) Council for Scientific and Industrial
101.	<u> </u>	y	Research (CSIR)
	matched?		(4) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee
	Starch synthesis in pea : Multiple alleles	1	(GEAC)
	(2) XO type sex : Grasshopper	108.	Use of bioresources by multinational companies
	determination		and organisations without authorisation from the concerned country and its people is called
	ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance		(1) Bio-infringement
بند. داده داد	T.H. Morgan : Linkage		(2) Biodegradation
102.	Offsets are produced by (1) Meiotic divisions		(3) Biopiracy
	<ul><li>(1) Meiotic divisions</li><li>(2) Parthenocarpy</li></ul>		(4) Bioexploitation
	(2) Mitotic divisions		
_	(4) Parthenogenesis	109.	A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign
103.	Which of the following flowers only once in it	s	company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to
	life-time?		(1) Co-667
	(1) Bamboo species		(2) Lerma Rojo
	(2) Mango		(3) Sharbati Sonora
•	(3) Jackfruit		(4) Basmati
101	(4) Papaya		
104.	Which of the following has proved helpful is preserving pollen as fossils?	<sup>1</sup> 110.	Select the correct match:
	(1) Pollenkitt		(1) Ribozyme – Nucleic acid
	(2) Oil content		(2) T.H. Morgan – Transduction
	(3) Cellulosic intine		(3) $F_2 \times Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross$
	(4) Sporopollenin	1.	(4) G. Mendel - Transformation
		*	

111. Niche is	117. The Golgi complex participates in
(1) all the biological factors in the organism's environment	네트 사고 가는데 그가 그는 학생들이 그는 생각들이 많아 가는 그렇게 되었어요? 그 그렇게 되고 하다
(2) the range of temperature that the organism	(2) Respiration in bacteria
needs to live	Tormation of Secretory Vesicles
(3) the physical space where an organism lives	(4) Activation of amino acid
the functional role played by the organism	118. Which of the following is <b>not</b> a product of light reaction of photosynthesis?
where it lives	(1) ATP
Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?	(2) NADPH
(1) CO	(8) NADH
$(2)  SO_2$	(4) Oxygen
$(3)  CO_{9}^{2}$	119. Which among the following is <b>not</b> a prokaryote?
	(2) Nactor
	(2) Nostoc (3) Mycobacterium
113. World Ozone Day is celebrated on	(4) Oscillatoria
(1) 5 <sup>th</sup> June	120, Stomatal movement is not affected by
(2) 16 <sup>th</sup> September	(1) Temperature
어느들은 하는 그 어느 모든 사람들이 어느린 회장을 가는 그리고 하셨다. 그렇게 되었다.	(2) O <sub>2</sub> concentration
$\sim$ (3) $21^{\mathrm{st}}$ April	(3) Light
(4) 22 <sup>nd</sup> April	(4) CO <sub>2</sub> concentration
114. Natality refers to	121. Which of the following is true for nucleolus?
(1) Death rate	(1) Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells.
(2) Number of individuals leaving the habitat	(2) It takes part in spindle formation.
(3) Birth rate	(3) It is a membrane-bound structure.
(4) Number of individuals entering a habitat	It is a site for active ribosomal RNA synthesis.
115. In stratosphere, which of the following elements	
acts as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and release of molecular oxygen?	homologous chromosomes begins is
(1) Carbón	(1) Pachytene
(2) Fe	(2) Diakinesis (3) Diplotene
Cl	(4) Zugotono
(4) Oxygen	123. The two functional groups characteristic of
116. What type of ecological pyramid would be	sugars are
obtained with the following data?	(1) hydroxyl and methyl
Secondary consumer: 120 g	(2) carbonyl and phosphate
Primary consumer: 60 g	(3) carbonyl and methyl
Primary producer: 10 g	(4) carbonyl and hydroxyl
11) Inverted pyramid of biomass	124. Stomata in grass leaf are
(2) Upright pyramid of numbers	Dumb-bell shaped
(3) Pyramid of energy	(2) Rectangular (3) Kidney shaped
(4) Upright pyramid of biomass	(4) Barrel shaped
CHLAA/EE/Page 15 SPACE FOR R	reported that there is a second of the secon

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125.	Which one of the following plants shows a very	132/	Wing	ed pollen grains	are present in
	close relationship with a species of moth, where		(1)	Mustard	
	none of the two can complete its life cycle without		<b>(2)</b>	Mango	
	the other?		(3)_	Cycas	
	(1) Hydrilla	•	(4)	Pinus	
	(2) Banana		(*)	2 51000	
`	(3) Yucca	133.	After	karvogamy foll	owed by meiosis, spores are
in district	(4) Viola			uced exogenousl	
126.	Pollen grains can be stored for several years in		î/	Neurospora	
120.	liquid nitrogen having a temperature of		(2)	Agaricus	
	(1) -120°C		(3)	Alternaria	
	2 −196°C		(4)	Saccharomyces	ATM (1997年) 1997年 (1997年)
٠	(3) -80°C			•	to markaland 9 Dec
		134.		ch one is wrong	
			-(1)	Uniflagellate g	
127.	Double fertilization is		(2)	Gemma cups	– Marchantia
	(1) Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube		(3)	Biflagellate zoo	
	with two different eggs		(4)	Unicellular org	anism – <i>Chlorella</i>
	(2) Fusion of two male gametes with one egg				
	(3) Fusion of one male gamete with two polar	135.			en in Column I with those in
• • •	nuclei		Colu	ımn II and sele	ct the <i>correct</i> option given
	(4) Syngamy and triple fusion		belo	w:	
128.	Oxygen is not produced during photosynthesis by			$Column\ I$	Column II
	(1) Green sulphur bacteria		a.	Herbarium i.	It is a place having a
	(2) Cycas		ŭ.		collection of preserved
	(3) Nostoc		100	kwa Padawi Te	plants and animals.
			b.	'. Key ii	コー・ス・コンド かいたいさいかい さんしゃ しょうし 大学させ アンコン・コン
129.	Which of the following elements is responsible for	λ		right was triffed	methodically all the
* **	maintaining turgor in cells?				species found in an area
	(1) Magnesium		Paris 1	ell appliet is	with brief description
`	2) Potassium				aiding identification.
	(3) Sodium		c.	Museum ii	i. Is a place where dried and
į.,	(4) Calcium				pressed plant specimens
190	. What is the role of NAD <sup>+</sup> in cellular				mounted on sheets are
190	respiration?			oving salidanstil sa	kept.
	(1) It functions as an enzyme.		d.	Catalogue iv	
	(2) It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis.		u.		of characters and their
	(3) It functions as an electron carrier.				alternates which are
$\sim$				有品质 化精性管理	helpful in identification of
	(4) It is the final electron acceptor for anaeromate respiration.		,		various taxa.
1 to 1	그는 물이 되어요 무슨 점이 되는 것이 많다. 이 사람들은 이 사람들은 생각이 되었다.				
131		1			c d
	by plants?		(1)	i iv	$\mathbf{ii}$
	(1) Ferric		(2)	ii iv	. <b>iii</b>
/	(2) Free element		-(3)	iii ii	i v iv
	(3) Ferrous		(4)	iii iv	i ii
4	(4) Both ferric and ferrous		-/	<u> </u>	
		وأأحامته المتعارب			⊏naliob

136.	Which of the following is an amino acid derived hormone?	140. Among the following sets of examples for divergent evolution, select the <i>incorrect</i> option:
		(1) Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah
~	(1) Epinephrine	(2) Brain of bat, man and cheetah
* **	(2) Estradiol	(3) Heart of bat, man and cheetah
		Eye of octopus, bat and man
	(3) Ecdysone	
	(4) Estriol	Which of the following is <b>not</b> an autoimmune disease?
		(1) Psoriasis
137.	Which of the following structures or regions is	
	incorrectly paired with its function?	Rheumatoid arthritis
		(4) Vitiligo
	(1) Medulla oblongata : controls respiration and cardiovascular	142. Which of the following characteristics represent
	reflexes.	Inheritance of blood groups' in humans?
		a. Dominance
	(2) Hypothalamus production of releasing hormones	b. Co-dominance
	and regulation of	Multiple allele
e (All est	temperature,	d. Incomplete dominance
11.19.44	hunger and thirst.	Polygenic inheritance
	(3) Limbic system : consists of fibre	b, c and e
	tracts that	(2) b, d and e
1	interconnect	(8) a, b and c
	different regions of brain; controls	a, c and e
	movement.	
		143. In which disease does mosquito transmitted pathogen cause chronic inflammation of
	(4) Corpus callosum : band of fibers connecting left and	pathogen cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels?
	right cerebral	(1) Elephantiasis
	hemispheres.	(2) Ringworm disease
		(3) Ascariasis
138.	The transparent lens in the human eye is held in	(4) Amoebiasis
	its place by	
	(1) ligaments attached to the ciliary body	144. The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs of many vertebrates is an example of
	(2) smooth muscles attached to the iris	Homology
	(3) ligaments attached to the iris	(2) Convergent evolution
	smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body	(3) Analogy
	smooth muscles attached to the chiary body	(4) Adaptive radiation
190 3	Which of the C.D.	
	Which of the following hormones can play a significant role in osteoporosis?	145. Conversion of milk to curd improves its nutritional value by increasing the amount of
	(1) Aldosterone and Prolactin	(1) Vitamin D
		Vitamin B
_	2) Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone	
٠.	3) Progesterone and Aldosterone	(3) Vitamin A
<u>(</u>	4) Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin	(4) Vitamin E
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- 146. Which one of the following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of antibiotics?
  - (1) Commensalism
  - (2) Parasitism
  - (3) Mutualism
  - (4) Amensalism
- **147.** All of the following are included in 'Ex-situ conservation' except
  - (1) Wildlife safari parks
  - (2) Botanical gardens
  - (2) Sacred groves
  - (4) Seed banks
- 148. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the *correct* option given below:

 $Column\ I$ 

Column II

- a. Eutrophication
- i. UV-B radiation
- b. Sanitary landfill
- ii. Deforestation
- c. Snow blindness
- iii. Nutrient

enrichment

- d. Jhum cultivation iv. Waste disposal
  - a b c d
- (1) ii i iii iv
- (2) iii iv i ii
- (3) i iii iv ii
- (4) i ii iv iii
- 149. In a growing population of a country,
  - (1) pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals.
  - (2) reproductive and pre-reproductive individuals are equal in number.
  - (3) reproductive individuals are less than the post-reproductive individuals.
  - (4) pre-reproductive individuals are less than the reproductive individuals.
- 150. Which part of poppy plant is used to obtain the drug "Smack"?

(1) Flowers

- (2) Roots
- (3) Latex
- (4) Leaves

- **151.** Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain pregnancy are
  - (1) hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin
  - hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens
  - (3) hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin
  - (4) hCG, progestogens, estrogens, glucocorticoids
- 152. The contraceptive 'SAHELI'
  - (1) blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted.
  - (2) is an IUD.
  - increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
  - (4) is a post-coital contraceptive.
- The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from
  - (1) ectoderm and mesoderm
  - (2) mesoderm and trophoblast
  - (3) endoderm and mesoderm
  - (4) ectoderm and endoderm
- **154.** The difference between spermiogenesis and spermiation is
  - (1) In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
  - (2) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
  - (3) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.
    - In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.

155. Which of the following options correctly represents the lung conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively?	d		ımn II and se	1.0	n Column I with those in the correct option given
<ul> <li>Inflammation of bronchioles; Decrease respiratory surface</li> </ul>	d.	nero	w . Column I		Column II
(2) Increased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles		a.	Glycosuria	· i.	Accumulation of uric
(3) Increased number of bronchioles; Increase respiratory surface	d	b.	Gout	ii.	acid in joints  Mass of crystallised
(4) Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles		c.	Renal calculi	iii.	salts within the kidney Inflammation in
156. Match the items given in Column I with those i Column II and select the correct option give		d.	Glomerular	ivy	glomeruli Presence of glucose in
$egin{array}{lll} egin{array}{lll} egin{arra$		u.	nephritis	17.	urine
a. Tricuspid valve i. Between left atriun and left ventricle	1	(1)	a b iii ii	c iv	
b. Bicuspid valve ii. Between right ventricle and		(2)	ii iii	i	iv
pulmonary artery		(3) (A)	to the second	iii ii	iv iii
c. Semilunar valve iii. Between right atrium and right ventricle	159.	4 th 1	ch the items giv	en ii	n Column I with those in
a b c		Colu belo	and the second second	ect t	he <i>correct</i> option given
(2) i ii iii			Column I		Column II
(3) i iii ii (4) ii i iii			(Function)		(Part of Excretory System)
157. Match the items given in Column I with those in		a.	Ultrafiltration		i. Henle's loop
Column II and select the <b>correct</b> option gives below:	1	b.	Concentration of urine		ii. Ureter
		c.	Transport of urine		iii. Urinary bladder
b. Inspiratory Reserve ii. 1100 – 1200 mL volume	, w	d.	Storage of urin	ne	iv. Malpighian corpuscle
c. Expiratory Reserve iii. 500 – 550 mL volume		ig.			v. Proximal convoluted tubule

(3)— iii

(1)

(2)

iii

Residual volume

b

ii

iv

i

iii

c

ii

iv

ii

3 (1) iv

V V

iv

iv

i

iv

iv. 1000 - 1100 mL

d

iv

iii

ii

 $\mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{d}$ 

ii

i

iii

ii .

iii

iii

<b>60.</b> Which of the following events does <b>not</b> occur in rough endoplasmic reticulum?	166. According to Hugo de Vries, the mechanism of evolution is
(1) Protein folding	(1) Multiple step mutations
(2) Cleavage of signal peptide	(2) Phenotypic variations
(3) Protein glycosylation	(2) Saltation
Phospholipid synthesis	(4) Minor mutations
61. Which of these statements is <i>incorrect</i> ?	167. Match the items given in Column I with those in
Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.	Column II and select the <i>correct</i> option given below:
(2) Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied	Column I  a. Proliferative Phase i. Breakdown of
with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.  (3) Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.	endometrial
(1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	lining
outer mitochondrial membrane.	b. Secretory Phase ii. Follicular Phase
162. Nissl bodies are mainly composed of	c. Menstruation iii. Luteal Phase
(1) Proteins and lipids	a b c
(2) Nucleic acids and SER	/(1) iii ii i
(3) DNA and RNA	(2) ii iii i
Free ribosomes and RER	(3) i iii ' ii .
163. Which of the following terms describe human dentition?	(4) iii i ii
(1) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont	168. All of the following are part of an operon except
(2) Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont	(1) an operator
(2) Theorems, Indiapage (2) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont	(2) an enhancer
(4) Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont	(3) structural genes
	(4) a promoter
164. Select the incorrect match:	169. AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding
Lampbrush - Diplotene bivalents chromosomes	strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding
(2) Submetacentric L-shaped chromososmes	sequence of the transcribed mRNA?
chromosomes	(1) AGGUAUGGCAU
(3). Allosomes - Sex chromosomes	(2) ACCUAUGCGAU
(4) Polytene – Oocytes of amphibians	(3) UGGTUTCGCAT
Chromosomes	(4) UCCAUAGCGUA
165. Many ribosomes may associate with a single	. Na company de la company
mRNA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide simultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are	
termed as	Innertical by
Polysome	(1) Only daughters
(2) Plastidome	(2) Only grandchildren
(3) Polyhedral bodies	Only sons
(4) Nucleosome	Both sons and daughters
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	Which of the following gastric cells indirectly nelp in erythropoiesis?	175.	Identify the vertebrate group of animals characterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive system.
$\sim$	1) Chief cells		(1) Amphibia
(	2) Goblet cells		(2) Aves
(;	3) Mucous cells		(3) Reptilia
(4	4) Parietal cells		(4) Osteichthyes
172. N	Match the items given in Column I with those in	176.	Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in
	Column II and select the correct option given	1 .	(1) using flagella for locomotion
	elow:		(2) using pseudopodia for capturing prey
	Column I Column II		(3) having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water
а	Fibrinogen i. Osmotic balance		having two types of nuclei
b c.		177.	Which of the following features is used to identify a male cockroach from a female cockroach?
			(1) Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the
<i>(</i> -1	<b>a b</b>		9 <sup>th</sup> abdominal segment
(1			(2) Forewings with darker tegmina
— (2			(3) Presence of caudal styles
(3			(4) Presence of anal cerci
	Thich of the following is an occupational espiratory disorder?	178.	Which one of these animals is <b>not</b> a homeotherm?  (1) Macropus
(1	) Ánthracis		(2) Camelus
(2	) Botulism		(3) Chelone
<del>(3</del>	Silicosis	`	(4) Psittacula
(4	.) Emphysema		Which of the following animals does not undergo
74 C	alcium is important in skeletal muscle		metamorphosis?
	alcium is important in skeletal muscle ontraction because it		(1) Earthworm
			(2) Moth
(1	) binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin.		(3) Tunicate
(2			(4) Starfish
(2	) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament.	180.	Which of the following organisms are known as
			chief producers in the oceans?
3		1 - 1	(4) 13. (4) 13.
ini sina k		1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1) Dinoflagellates
	activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it.		(2) Cyanobacteria
<b>گ</b> ک	activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it.	U	

## Read carefully the following instructions:

- 1. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 2. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 3. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 4. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 5. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 6. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 7. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

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